

TOO AGENTS AND WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS.—In consequence of the continued absence of everything connected with the publishing of our paper, we can take no more subscriptions to our Weekly at club rates. We must have \$2.50 for each and every subscriber.

THE ELECTION TO DAY.—The election of the First City Legislative District is to elect to-day a member of the lower House to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. Irvine. A City Marshal will also be chosen. We hope to see some little interest manifested in filling these positions worthily.

THE HON. GEORGE ROBERTSON is a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, to succeed Chief Justice Daniel. Should he be elected, he will add dignity and bring great respect to the bench; and nothing can prevent his election, if the voters of the District are generally notified of his candidature. No doubt every effort will be made to spread the notification.

THIRTY-FIVE KENTUCKY MOUNTED INFANTRY.—We understand that the 35th regiment Kentucky mounted infantry is ordered to Lexington. Since its organization, the regiment has been stationed in the Green River region. Col. Starling, with some five hundred of this regiment, has been scouting for the last thirty days in the counties on the Ohio river where there had collected a large body of guerrillas under Goss, Jones, Hollis, Sykes, and others. They drove the guerrillas out of the counties, and a detachment under Capt. Padgett routed Hollis's command, killing Hollis and several others. The detachment stopped at Princeton thoroughly to scout that part of the country, but was prevented from doing so by the guerrillas, who were in the neighborhood. They have been ordered to Lexington. We have heard of various skirmishes and chases by different detachments of this regiment which reflect great credit on the officers and men. So far, we never heard of any detachment having met with a defeat. One of the little detachments, when a detachment of this regiment had been ordered to a passing notice. Sergeant James, company G, was sent out with fifteen men by Colonel Starling, from Hopkville, after a squad of guerrillas who had cut the telegraph wire between Clarksville and Hopkville.

While searching for them near Pembroke, Kentucky, he was suddenly halted by a large body of guerrillas, who were armed with a body of mounted men, the advance of whom were dressed in Federal uniforms. The leader demanded of James that he and his men were a Union scout searching for guerrillas. He was told to go away, and not to go any further, as they had found him. And then, turning to his men, the leader commanded: "There are the d-d Yankees; go to them." Sergeant James told them to come ahead, and, dismounting his men, poured a volley into the guerrillas. They began to retreat, and James, leading his men for twenty or thirty yards, when, observing that his men were charging in the wrong direction, he incontinently turned and charged the same way. They mounted, and chased the guerrillas eight or ten miles, killing two, capturing two horses and equipments, three guns and seven pistols, four coats and three hats. The guerrillas ranged number forty-two men.

Lieutenant Goode, company A, started after the same gang, some eight hours afterwards, killing three, and capturing several horses and guns and fifteen hats. That band of guerrillas will scarcely like that part of the country where the 35th regiment is now. We regret that the Green River section is to lose the services of the 35th, as the officers and men thoroughly understand, not only the geography of the country, but also the mode of warfare calculated to entrap and break up the bands of robbers and murderers that infest that section of the State. No regiment can fill its place, for no other regiment possesses the same knowledge of the country and its citizens.

A correspondent wishes to know how our State can obtain credit for the negroes who are taken from its limits to other States and enlisted there. The recent order of Adjutant General Thomas says that as persons in the limits of coming into Kentucky with a view of recruiting for the rebel army, and passing into the free States bordering on the Ohio, where they are enlisted for the bounties—the negroes receiving but a small portion thereof, and, in such cases, the State of Kentucky fails to receive credit for their quota of troops, military authorities, as well as all persons, should be notified of the State's position, and the navy on the Ohio river are requested to take possession of all such negroes and deliver them to the nearest military command, in order that they may be enlisted in Kentucky regiments.

Before the 15th instant, by the order of Major-General Burbridge, such persons residing in this State as have been banished from other States for treason, insurrection or rebel sentiments, must leave Kentucky, not to return to it during the war. Gen. Burbridge revokes all safeguards heretofore given by him or any of his subordinate officers. If any persons amenable to this order fail to comply with its provisions, they will be treated as rebels, and the limits of the United States. These persons, we understand, now in our State who were assigned to this location by the President, it seems important that Gen. Burbridge should explain whether his order comprehends such cases.

"BATTLE IN THE CLOUDS."—This is the title of a very fine song, the words of which were written by W. D. Brown, Esq., of the States Consul at Venice, and was suggested by Gen. Joe Hooker's grand assault on Lookout Mountain. The music is by Mr. Keller, and will become very popular. The song will be sent by mail, free of postage, by J. A. Howell & Co., of Jefferson, Ohio, for forty cents a copy, or three copies for one dollar. Mr. Howell is known as a very successful poet, and the incident which he has commemorated in song is one of the most gloriously thrilling of the war.

A CITIZEN SONG.—Last evening, Polk Johnson, a young man about eighteen years of age, shot Mr. John Krebs, a man of fifty-two, employed in Van Senger's planing-mill. The latter entered Krebs's room, and it is thought that the wound will prove mortal. The assault occurred on Madison, between Hancock and Clay streets, almost opposite the residence of Krebs. The report is that a refusal to vote for some candidate to-day excited Johnson's anger, but we shall await an investigation before we speak further of the occurrence. Johnson was arrested.

SHOT.—A man named Walter Howard was arrested in the United States Hotel, last evening, having skeleton key in his possession, and "cutters." The porter of the house regarding his conduct as suspicious, directed him to leave the vicinity of some rooms, when Howard drew a knife and attempted an assault, which was frustrated. He was lodged in prison by Officer Ross, Slater.

PERSONS ACCUSED.—Charles Bernhard, a single boarding at Back's Tavern, on the street between Main and the river, fell from a second story window about five o'clock yesterday morning, and injured himself, it is supposed, fatally—having fallen on his head. He was taken to the City Hospital.

Two showers visited yesterday, which will prove of incalculable benefit to the parched vegetation in this vicinity. We are in hopes that some rain will fall in the course of the next twenty-four hours, as the sky is overcast.

Some of the Union Colonel Boone's fine bay horse, in the field is not a guerrilla, he will return tomorrow to its legitimate owner.

Col. McClellan's Arrival.—The Oneida Monitor states that, a few days since, as Col. J. H. McClellan was returning to that place from Hartford, he fell into the hands of the "Knights of the Bush," one of whom styled himself Lieutenant Yates. The latter gentleman "coerced" a side-trade with the Col. and McClellan, and the latter paid for a fine cavalry one, which had, we presume, seen service in the Federal cause. Yates asked \$100 difference, but the Colonel declined, whereupon they "swapped even." Yates affected to be a high-toned gentleman, and seemed Col. McClellan, who had great respect for him as a gentleman. He conveyed the idea that he considered himself and the Col. as gentlemen of the first order. He asked the Colonel if he carried more than him, and was answered in the negative. Have you a revolver? Another negative response. Then give us a chew of tobacco, said the realist knight. But the Colonel, not being a consumer of the "filthy weed," had to decline, and was then permitted to depart, without even taking the oath.

MAJOR JOHN BARNAN.—The Lexington Observer, in announcing the return home of this gallant soldier and accomplished gentleman, who was wounded in both arms at the battle of Kencaw Mountain, in a charge upon and within twenty feet of the enemy's line, says that he is suffering from his wounds, but is improving, and trusts to be able to take his position in the field. Major Barnan is a native of Lexington, and his friends there are justly proud of him. They know him to be brave, chivalrous, high-minded, and honorable; they have watched his progress with great interest from the time he entered the service as a Second Lieutenant in the 20th Kentucky, and his promotion to Adjutant of the 20th Kentucky until the present time. He has been in as many severe engagements with the enemy as any officer from Kentucky, and in all of them he has behaved in the most gallant manner. He is one of the rising young officers of the day, winning his way to promotion by his own right arm, and is destined to yet higher honors.

EX-GOVERNOR LETCHER has written to Mayor Mayo, of Richmond, a letter concerning the burning of his house, which is published in the Whig of the 21st inst. In it he says he expects that the destruction would be completed, as he has always expected that they would allow the furniture and his family's clothing to be removed. The Ex-Governor seems to have forgotten his own line of conduct, when, in the early part of the rebellion, he refused to give up the clothing of Mrs. Porter Bradford, and for all we know, he would have been taken to the same fate.

NOTICES OF THE DAY.
Old papers for sale at the counting-room of the Journal office.
We refer our readers to Mr. C. C. Spencer's sale of real estate for this day. A large and valuable lot on Broadway will be sold at the Court-house door immediately after the Marshall's sale, and nine large lots in the lower portion of the city will be sold at 1/2 of cost.

ANOTHER GRILLER OUTRAGE.—The Evansville Journal states that the residence of Major Kinney, at Henderson, was entirely consumed by fire on Friday morning, being the act, no doubt, of the guerrillas prowling in that vicinity. Major Kinney was at home, and his wife and family were taken to a neighbor's. The fire occurred about 4 o'clock, and nothing was saved but a few articles of parlor furniture, including Mrs. Kinney's piano. Major Kinney is an earnest Union man, was for a time in the Federal army, and is now a member of the present State Legislature.

SALE OF VALUABLE LOTS.—The Chancery Office at the Court-house door, on Monday, at 11 o'clock, at the Court-house door, the sale of lots on Brook street, St. Catherine and Oak streets. The lots lie between and near to the place of the railroad, and are under contract to be laid off into First and Preston streets, the only two lines to the south of the city. These lots are, therefore, becoming very valuable as soon as the roads are completed.

A YOUNG LADY, of fair abilities and good English education, wishes to obtain employment as saleswoman or book-keeper in a business house. Address box 1,420, Louisville, 1529 60.

Col. William Jones, of the 53d Indiana, who met his death in one of the most brilliant battles in Georgia, was first wounded in one thigh, and in a few minutes afterwards was struck in the other. These wounds were not of a character to induce him to leave the field, and he still retained command of his regiment, was struck by a cannon ball, which tore away all the upper part of his head. He was from Grandview, Spencer county, Indiana, where his family still reside. In his death the service lost a gallant officer and his community one of its most respected citizens.

The annual meeting of the National Teachers' Association will be held at Ogdensburg, New York, commencing on Wednesday, August 10th, at ten o'clock A. M., and continuing until the 14th of the month. The meeting will apply to T. H. Brown, Esq., Principal of Ogdensburg Academy.

A rebel officer, who passed through our city on Saturday as a prisoner, states that, on the 22d ult., after the battle of the 22d ult., he was taken prisoner by the Union forces, and was held in the limits of the United States. These persons, we understand, now in our State who were assigned to this location by the President, it seems important that Gen. Burbridge should explain whether his order comprehends such cases.

ANOTHER STABBING AFFRAY.—Last night between nine and ten o'clock G. W. Bacon was stabbed and severely wounded in the side by a man named Robert Warren. The affray took place at the corner of Port and Jefferson streets, Warren being armed with a knife. Warren was arrested at 12 o'clock last night but he was not arrested.

THE FOREIGN BROTHERS.—The New York Post, on the 29th ult., says that five-fifteen and almost all descriptions of Federal stocks, except ten-forties, for which a demand has not yet sprung up in Europe. The demand accounts for the rapid rise in these securities within the last few days.

Elder John Byrce, an eminent divine of the Baptist Church, died on the 18th ult., at his residence, near Lexington, Ky. He was born in Goodland county, Va., May 33, 1784, and was therefore about eighty years of age.

Pennsylvania votes to-morrow on the proposed amendment to the Constitution of that State allowing its legal vote to exercise the right of suffrage, though personally absent from the State. The military or naval service of their country.

STABBING AFFRAY.—Last evening a difficulty occurred near the corner of Lafayette and Preston streets, between George Walker and Back Newton, in which the former received five or six ugly but not dangerous wounds. Newton was arrested.

Despatches from all quarters, received at the State Department by late arrivals, show that our relations with foreign powers are in a better state now than at any previous period since the commencement of the rebellion.

AMUSEMENTS.
RETURN OF DAN CASTELLO'S CIRCUS!
For Three Days.
NEW FACES WILL APPEAR.
Under the direction of Levi J. North.
Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, 2d, 3d, and 4th AUGUST.

WOODLAWN RACE COURSE, LOUISVILLE, KY.
ROULAR RUNNING MEETING FOR THE FALL.
Monday, October 10, 1864.
And continue six days.

THE COMPANY CONGRATULATES A NUMBER OF TRAVELERS, who will be on the corner of Second and Third streets, at 10 o'clock, on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, 2d, 3d, and 4th AUGUST.

GUERRILLAS DOING ON THE MISSISSIPPI.
The steamer Clara Bell Burned.
The Associated Press.

THE 9th CORPS FOLLOWS BY A CHARGE.
Taking First Line of Intrenchments.
Firing Going on with Great Fury.
Grant Makes Another Flank Move.
His Right on North Side James River.

THE WHOLE ARMY IN LINE OF BATTLE.
The Rebel Raid into Pennsylvania.
Chambersburg Fired by the Rebels.
Sherman's Army Again in Motion.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.
The great rebel force, which was defeated at the battle of Antietam, is now moving on the north side of the river, within ten miles of Richmond, and is expected to reach the city in a few days.

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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.
EVENING DESPATCHES.
A Rebel Force in Pennsylvania.
Encamped Near Chambersburg.
Merchants Removing Their Goods.
Gen. Averill is Fighting the Rebels.
Part of Chambersburg in Ashes.
Breckinridge Going to Wheeling.
Longstreet to Threaten Washington.

Moseby Operating in Maryland.
Encouraging News from Sherman.
Grant's Army Shelling Petersburg.
Guerrillas Doing on the Mississippi.
The Steamer Clara Bell Burned.

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